AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 23, 2009 AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 29, 2009 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 5, 2009

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009–10 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1173

Introduced by Assembly Member Huffman (Coauthors: Assembly Members Portantino and Torlakson) (Coauthor: Senator DeSaulnier)

February 27, 2009

An act to add Chapter 7.3 (commencing with Section 42420) to Part 3 of Division 30 of the Public Resources Code, relating to recycling, and making an appropriation therefor.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1173, as amended, Huffman. Recycling: residential fluorescent lamps.

The California Lighting Efficiency and Toxics Reduction Act prohibits, on and after January 1, 2010, except for certain specified circumstances, a person from manufacturing, selling, or offering for sale in the state specified general purpose lights that contain levels of hazardous substances prohibited by the European Union pursuant to the RoHS Directive, as specified.

The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, administered by the California Integrated Waste Management Board, is required to reduce, recycle, and reuse solid waste generated in the state to the maximum extent feasible in an efficient, cost-effective manner to conserve water, energy, and other natural resources.

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This bill would prohibit the distribution of moneys from energy efficiency investment funds or any other funds generated from usage-based charges on electricity distribution that are provided by California's retail sellers of electricity to any entity for the purchase and distribution of compact fluorescent lamps, unless the compact fluorescent lamps meet certain specifications, and the manufacturer of the compact fluorescent lamps has either, individually or collectively with other manufacturers or through a stewardship organization, has implemented a residential fluorescent lamp recycling program-or the manufacturer or distributor has agreed to pay an amount, as specified, for each residential fluorescent lamp, as defined, sold in this state for which funding is received into the Fluorescent Lamp Recycling Fund. The bill would require the board, on July 1, 2010, and semiannually thereafter, to post on its Internet Web site a notice listing manufacturers that do not meet the above requirements. The bill would prohibit the distribution of moneys from funds generated from usage-based charges on electricity distribution that are provided by California's retail sellers of electricity to a retailer, unless the retailer has agreed to provide the public an in-store collection opportunity for the recycling of residential fluorescent lamps.

The bill would require the manufacturers of residential fluorescent lamps sold in this state-to, individually or collectively-submit to the board with other manufacturers or through a stewardship organization, to develop and maintain a residential fluorescent lamp recycling plan program containing specified elements within 90 days of receiving the funds generated from usage-based charges. The residential fluorescent lamp recycling program described in the plan would be required to contain certain elements and be implemented no later than 2 months after board approval or plan adoption. The bill would require a manufacturer, individually or collectively with other manufacturers or through a stewardship organization, to submit an annual report on the implementation of the residential fluorescent lamp recycling program. The bill would require the board to establish an administrative fee to be paid by the manufacturers to cover the cost of reviewing and approving the plans annual report and of oversight and enforcement of the program.

This bill would establish the Residential Fluorescent Lamp Recycling Fund in the State Treasury, as a continuously appropriated fund thereby making an appropriation. The bill would require the board to administer the fund and use the moneys to fund the activities of a nonprofit public

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benefit corporation established by persons designated by the board. The nonprofit public benefit corporation would be required to engage in several activities, including, but not limited to, organizing convenient and free collection opportunities for residential fluorescent lamps, providing compensation for the collection and recycling of residential fluorescent lamps by approved collectors and recyclers, and conducting consumer and retailer education and outreach efforts.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: yes-no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. This act shall be known, and may be cited, as the 2 California Fluorescent Lamp Toxics Reduction and Recycling Act. 3 SEC. 2. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the 4 following:

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- (1) California policy, including the California Lighting Efficiency and Toxics Reduction Act (Chapter 534 of the Statutes of 2007), has put California on a path of transition from incandescent lamps to more energy-efficient lighting, including substantially increased utilization of fluorescent lighting.
- (2) Many existing lighting choices contain toxic materials. Most fluorescent lighting products contain mercury. Most incandescent lighting products contain lead. California prohibits disposing of lighting products containing hazardous levels of metal in the solid waste stream. The hazardous material in waste lighting products can be reduced and managed through recycling, but recycling opportunities are currently inconvenient or nonexistent for most consumers.
- (3) Fluorescent lighting products delivering the same level of light at the same level of efficiency can have varying levels of mercury. The Department of General Services has adopted a procurement preference favoring low-mercury fluorescent lamps.
- 22 (4) In 2007, the Legislature enacted the California Lighting 23 Efficiency and Toxics Reduction Act (Chapter 534 of the Statutes 24 of 2007), which directed the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) to convene a lighting task force to consider and 26 make policy recommendations to the Legislature for designing a statewide collection program for end-of-life fluorescent lights. On
- 27 28 September 1, 2008, the task force submitted recommendations to

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the Legislature on the need and options for a convenient statewide system for the collection and recycling of fluorescent lamps for residential generators.

- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to have an established system for the recycling of residential generated fluorescent lamps that is free and convenient for end users.
- SEC. 3. Chapter 7.3 (commencing with Section 42420) is added to Part 3 of Division 30 of the Public Resources Code, to read:

Chapter 7.3. Fluorescent Lamps

- 42420. For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (a) "Consumer" means a purchaser or owner of residential fluorescent lamps, excluding a business, corporation, limited partnership, nonprofit organization, or governmental entity.
- (b) "Distributor" means a person that has a contractual relationship with one or more manufacturers to market and sell fluorescent lamps to retailers.
- (c) "Manufacturer" means any person who, on or after the effective date of this act, and regardless of the selling technique used, including by means of remote sale, does one or more of the following:
- (1) Manufactures fluorescent lamps under its own brand for sale in this state.
- (2) Manufactures fluorescent lamps for sale in this state without affixing a brand.
- (3) Resells in this state fluorescent lamps produced by other suppliers under its own brand or label.
- (4) Imports or exports fluorescent lamps into the United States that are sold in this state. If a company from which an importer purchases the merchandise has a United States presence, assets, or both, that company, and not the importer, shall be deemed to be the manufacturer.
- (d) "Residential fluorescent lamps" means compact fluorescent lamps and any other fluorescent lamp intended for household use.
- (e) "Residential fluorescent lamp recycling program" means a system for the collection, transportation, recycling, and proper disposal of fluorescent lamps that is financed, as well as managed

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or provided, by a manufacturer individually, collectively with other manufacturers, or through a stewardship organization.

(e)

- (f) "Retailer" means a person that sells *subsidized* fluorescent lamps *intended for residential use* in the state to a consumer. A sale includes, but is not limited to, transactions conducted through sales outlets, catalogs, or the Internet or any other similar electronic means.
- (f) "Program" means a system for the collection, transportation, processing, and disposal of fluorescent lamps that is financed, as well as managed or provided, by a manufacturer or collectively with other manufacturers.
- (g) "Stewardship organization" means a nonprofit organization that implements and administers the residential fluorescent lamp recycling program.
- 42421. (a) (1) Moneys from funds generated from usage-based charges on electricity distribution, including, but not limited to, energy efficiency investment funds, that are provided by California's retail sellers of electricity, as defined in subdivision (g) of Section 399.12 of the Public Utilities Code, shall not be distributed to any entity for the purchase and distribution of compact fluorescent lamps, unless all of the following conditions exist:

(1)

- (A) All compact fluorescent lamps purchased are qualified as the most recent ENERGY STAR version listed on the ENERGY STAR Internet Web site, except that if the California Environmental Protection Agency Department of Toxic Substances Control establishes standards on mercury levels, energy efficiency, and lamp life that are more stringent than ENERGY STAR for compact fluorescent lamps, the compact fluorescent lamps purchased are required to meet the California Environmental Protection Agency Department of Toxic Substances Control standards.
 - (2) One of the following requirements are met:
- (A) The manufacturer, individually or collectively with other manufacturers, is implementing a board-approved comprehensive
- (B) The manufacturer, individually collectively with other manufacturers or through a stewardship organization, establishes and maintains a comprehensive residential fluorescent lamp

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recycling program to manage end-of-life residential fluorescent lamps in an environmentally sound fashion, including collection, transportation, processing, and disposal.

(B) A manufacturer or distributor not covered by a program implemented pursuant to subparagraph (A) is paying an amount established pursuant to Section 42424, for each residential fluorescent lamp sold in this state for which funding is received into the Residential Fluorescent Lamp Recycling Fund established pursuant to Section 42424.

(3)

- (C) Packaging for the subsidized compact fluorescent lamps sold in this state shall have a label, approved by the board, informing consumers that disposing of fluorescent lamps in the solid waste stream is prohibited and providing access to information on opportunities for proper recycling.
- (2) The manufacturer, individually or collectively with other manufacturers through or a stewardship organization, may contract with a retailer for in-store or out-of-store collection of end-of-life residential fluorescent lamps.
- (3) The prohibition in paragraph (1) shall be effective on the 120th day after the notice described in subdivision (d) listing a manufacturer is posted on the board's Internet Web site and shall remain in effect until the manufacturer is no longer listed on the board's Internet Web site or the manufacturer has obtained a certification letter pursuant to subdivision (e).
- (b) Moneys from funds generated from usage-based charges on electricity distribution, including, but not limited to, energy efficiency investment funds, that are provided by California's retail sellers of electricity, as defined in subdivision (g) of Section 399.12 of the Public Utilities Code, shall not be distributed to a retailer for a residential fluorescent lamp program, unless the retailer has agreed to provide the public with a convenient in-store collection opportunity for the recycling of residential fluorescent lamps.
- (c) The board shall work with manufacturers, distributors, retailers, and other stakeholders to develop a uniform label that ean be affixed or displayed on subsidized compact fluorescent lamps sold in this state to meet the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a).
- 39 (c) On July 1, 2010, and semiannually thereafter, the board 40 shall post on its Internet Web site a notice listing manufacturers

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that are not in compliance with conditions set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a).

- (d) Manufacturers that have been listed pursuant to subdivision (d), but can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board that they are in compliance with conditions set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) may request a certification letter from the board to that effect. The letter shall constitute compliance with those conditions.
- (e) A retailer shall monitor the board's Internet Web site to determine if the sale of a manufacturer's subsidized compact fluorescent lamps is in compliance with this article.
- 42422. (a) To meet the requirement of—subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 42421, a manufacturer of residential fluorescent lamps sold in this state shall, individually or collectively with other manufacturers, submit a residential fluorescent lamp recycling plan in accordance with this section to the board within 90 days of receiving funds generated from or collectively with other manufacturers or through a stewardship organization, establish and maintain a residential fluorescent lamp recycling program in accordance with this section within 90 days of receiving funds generated from usage-based charges on electricity distribution.
- (b) The plan shall demonstrate sufficient funding for the residential fluorescent lamp recycling program, as described in the plan.
 - (b) The program shall demonstrate sufficient funding.
- (c) The plan program shall be free and convenient to all consumers.
- (d) The plan shall address the coordination of the residential fluorescent lamp recycling program with local household hazardous waste programs, including contracting for the costs for residential fluorescent lamps collected by the household hazardous waste programs, where practical.
- (e) The plan shall include consumer and retail education and outreach efforts to promote the source reduction and recycling of residential fluorescent lamps. Manufacturers may organize and coordinate education and outreach efforts with retail sellers of electricity. Education and outreach efforts may include, but are not limited to, developing, and updating as necessary, educational and other outreach materials aimed at retailers of residential

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1 fluorescent lamps. Those materials shall be made available to the 2 retailers. The materials may include, but are not limited to, one 3 (d) The program shall include education and outreach efforts

- (d) The program shall include education and outreach efforts to promote the proper management of end-of-life fluorescent lamps. Education and outreach efforts may include, but are not limited to, any of the following:
- (1) Developing and updating as necessary, educational and other outreach materials aimed at retailers of residential fluorescent lamps. Those materials shall be made available to the retailers. The materials may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following:

(1)

(A) Signage that is prominently displayed and easily visible to the consumer.

(2)

(B) Written materials and templates of materials for reproduction by retailers to be provided to the consumer at the time of purchase or delivery, or both. Written materials shall include information on the prohibition of improper disposal of residential fluorescent lamps and recycling opportunities.

(3)

- (C) Advertising or other promotional materials, or both, that include references to residential fluorescent lamp recycling opportunities.
- (f) Two months after a plan is approved by the board or adopted pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 42423, whichever is later, a manufacturer shall implement the residential fluorescent lamp recycling program described in the approved or adopted plan.
- (g) Within one year of implementing an approved or adopted plan, and each year thereafter, a manufacturer of fluorescent lamps sold in this state shall, individually or collectively with other manufacturers, submit a report to the board describing its residential fluorescent lamp recovery efforts.
- (2) Strategizing with retail sellers of electricity to encourage their participation in the collection and proper management of end-of-life fluorescent lamps. These strategies may include the inclusion of an educational insert in their customers' utility bills.
 - (3) Encourage in-store collection by retailers and other outlets.
- (e) Within one year of implementing a residential fluorescent lamp recycling program, and annually thereafter, a manufacturer

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of residential fluorescent lamps, individually, collectively with other manufacturers or through a stewardship organization, shall submit an annual report to the board describing its residential fluorescent lamp recovery efforts. The report shall be posted on the manufacturer's Internet Web site. The annual report shall include all of the following:

- (1) A list of all manufacturers participating in the program.
- (2) The total number of end-of-life fluorescent lamps collected in California during the previous year.
 - (3) A complete listing of all participating collection sites.
- (4) A description of the methods used to collect, transport, recycle, and dispose of end-of-life fluorescent lamps.
- (5) A description of the outreach strategies employed to increase participation and collection rates.
 - (6) Examples of the outreach and educational materials used.
- (7) The total cost of implementing the residential fluorescent lamp recycling program by the following categories:
 - (A) Outreach and education.
- (B) Administration.
- 20 (C) Collection, transportation, recycling, and disposal.
 - 42423. (a) The board shall review and approve the residential fluorescent lamp recycling plan within 90 days of receipt. A plan not acted upon by the board within 90 days shall be deemed adopted.

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- 42423. (a) The board shall review the annual report required pursuant to Section 42422 and within 90 days of receipt shall adopt a finding of compliance or noncompliance with the provisions of this act.
- 30 (c)
 - (b) The board shall enforce this chapter.
- 32 (d
 - (c) The board shall establish administrative fees to be paid by manufacturers to cover the cost of reviewing and approving plans the annual report and the cost of oversight and enforcement of the residential fluorescent lamp recycling program.
 - 42424. (a) The initial amount to be collected from a manufacturer and distributor of residential fluorescent lamps pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 42421 shall be five million dollars (\$5,000,000) divided

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by the total number of fluorescent lamps for which energy efficiency investment funds were paid in 2008, paid in equal shares.

- (b) On and after January 1, 2011, the amount to be collected from a manufacturer or distributor of residential fluorescent lamps pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 42421 shall be the total amount of funds projected to be needed to make the payments pursuant to subdivision (d), and the amount needed to cover the costs of implementing a successful residential fluorescent lamp recycling program pursuant to Section 42425, divided by the total number of fluorescent lamps for which energy efficiency investment funds were paid in the previous year, paid in equal shares. The total amount collected shall not exceed 10 million dollars (\$10,000,000).
- (c) (1) Any amount collected from a manufacturer or distributor of residential fluorescent lamps pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 42421 shall be deposited into the Residential Fluorescent Lamp Recycling Fund which is hereby created in the State Treasury.
- (2) Notwithstanding Section 13340 of the Government Code, the money in the fund is hereby continuously appropriated to the board for the purposes of carrying out this chapter.
- (d) Moneys in the fund shall be used to make payments to retailer-based collectors, local governments, and other approved collectors and recyclers of residential fluorescent lamps generated by households in this state.
- (e) The amount of payments established pursuant to this section shall be at a level sufficient to cover the average cost of collecting and properly recycling residentially generated fluorescent lamps and to encourage public, private, and nonprofit entities to establish convenient locations for that collection.
- (f) The amount of the payments established pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 42421 shall be at a level necessary to provide sufficient funds for the requirements of this section and Section 42425.
- 42425. (a) (1) The board shall designate persons to establish a non-profit public benefit corporation. The corporation shall be solely responsible for managing a cost-efficient and environmentally sound collection, transportation, processing, and disposal system for residential fluorescent lamps.

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(2) The corporation shall be funded by the board using moneys from the Residential Fluorescent Lamp Recycling Fund.

- (b) Specific responsibilities of the corporation shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) Organizing, administering, and ensuring that residential fluorescent lamp collection opportunities are available and provided in a manner that is free and convenient to all consumers.
- (2) Encouraging the use of existing collection and consolidation infrastructures for handling residential fluorescent lamps to the extent that the infrastructure is accessible on a regular and ongoing basis, is cost effective, and meets environmentally sound management requirements.
- (3) Providing compensation for the collection and recycling of residential fluorescent lamps, by approved collectors and recyclers whether by local government, for-profit corporations, nonprofit corporations, retailers, manufacturers, or any other party, for the reasonable costs associated with these activities.
- (4) (A) Conducting consumer and retailer education and outreach efforts to promote the source reduction and recycling of residential fluorescent lamps. The corporation may organize and eoordinate education and outreach efforts with retail sellers of electricity.
- (B) Education and outreach efforts may include, but are not limited to, developing, and updating as necessary, educational and other outreach materials aimed at retailers of residential fluorescent lamps. Those materials shall be made available to the retailers and may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following:
- (i) Signage that is prominently displayed and easily visible to the consumer.
- (ii) Written materials and templates of materials for reproduction by retailers to be provided to the consumer at the time of purchase or delivery, or both. Written materials shall include information on the prohibition of improper disposal of residential fluorescent lamps.
- (iii) Advertising or other promotional materials, or both, that include references to residential fluorescent lamp recycling opportunities.
- (5) Submitting a report to the board annually on the implementation of the system during the previous calendar year.

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The report shall be posted on the corporation's Internet Web site 2 and shall include all of the following:

- 3 (A) A list of all manufacturers participating in the system and 4 the total amount collected.
 - (B) A list of all parties participating in the system whom the corporation has designated as approved to receive payments, the amount of payments it has made to those parties, and the purpose of those payments.
- 9 (C) The total number of residential fluorescent lamps collected 10 the previous year.
- (D) A summary of funds expended by the following categories: 11
- 12 (i) Education.

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- 13 (ii) Administration.
- (iii) Collection. 14
- 15 (iv) Transportation.
- (v) Recycling. 16
- 17 (vi) Disposal.
- 18 (vii) Other.
- 19 (E) Any surplus funds carried forward.
- 20 (F) A complete listing of all collection sites and the amount of
- 21 material collected at each site.
- 22 (6) Maintaining an Internet Web site with up-to-date listings of
- 23 where consumers can bring residential fluorescent lamps for
- 24 recycling.